

Coping with trauma in a military family





Living with a parent who's coping with trauma

When people are in the military they might have to deal with situations that really affect them and stay with them for a long time.

When someone has a terrifying and overwhelming experience, it can be very traumatic. In the military, traumatic events can include combat, being injured, or seeing people suffering or being hurt.

"Dad was pretty out of it. He didn't seem to care what was going on with us. I was really angry with him. Mum explained some stuff later and I get now that he's sick. He's trying, but right now, just getting out of bed is hard for him. I know now that he still cares about me, and if he was up to it, we'd be hanging out together like we used to. But we have to give him time."



If your parent or care-giver has experienced trauma, they may behave differently, and have very intense emotions.

These are some of the ways trauma can affect people:

- Having intense memories or nightmares about what happened. Sometimes these are so real that it feels like they're right back in the traumatic event.
- **Feeling jumpy or on edge.** They might get angry easily, be irritable and tense, and find it hard to relax and sleep.
- Avoiding doing certain things or seeing certain people because it reminds them of the bad things that happened.
- Having upsetting thoughts and feelings like feeling scared, sad, or angry. They might feel as if they're different from other people, or out of touch with what's going on around them.
- **Seeming distant or uninterested** in things they used to enjoy, or disconnected from the people they care about.
- **Drinking too much or using drugs as a way to cope.** This can cause other problems like being secretive or moody, and spending less time with the family.

It can be hard living with a parent who's experienced trauma and is unwell.

If you're finding things hard, you're not alone. Do any of these thoughts look familiar?



Do you have thoughts or feelings you find hard to deal with? Write them down here: When life is hard, what do you do?



"Mum started seeing a psychologist."
I thought that would fix things, but it
didn't quite work like that. She started
to get better slowly. She had good days
and bad days, but over time the bad days
happened less often. She started to smile
more often. She looked less exhausted,
and became interested in doing things
with us again. Our family is not the same
with us again. Our family is not the same
they'll keep getting easier."

Will they get better?

Most people who find it hard to cope after a traumatic event will feel better with time. Some people will need extra help to get better.

Your parent can get help if they need to.

Keep in mind

- Your parent can get treatment and support
- Things will change
- It's not your fault
- Your parent's behaviour is caused by the trauma they experienced, not you or something you did
- You're not alone. There are other families out there who are learning to cope with this type of problem.



Staying strong

It's important to look after yourself, to keep yourself healthy and happy. When things are not going well at home, it's even more important than usual.

There are lots of things you can do to stay strong and positive. Start with trying out one of the suggestions below.

Keep up the activities that are important to you	Get some exercise
	Plan something fun
Do something you enjoy	See friends
Play music Play sport	Talk to someone about how you're feeling
Go to the gym Listen to a podcast Dance Go to a gallery	Try out an app to help you relax, meditate, or manage your stress. A good one is the Headspace app. You can find it by Googling 'The Headspace App'.
	What do I

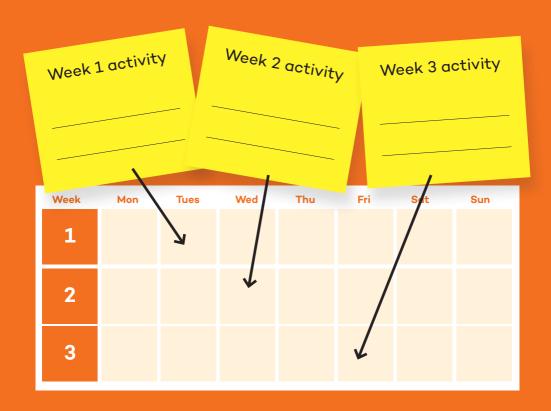
Don't just think about it, do it.

It's one thing to think about doing something to stay strong, but change only happens when you actually give something a go.

Make a plan now for when you're going to try out some activities that will help you feel good.

Don't know where to start?

Pick just one activity and make a time to do it each week.



When you need to relax

This is a simple exercise you can do anywhere and anytime you're feeling stressed or upset and need to relax.

Move to a quiet space

Get comfortable in a chair or on the floor and close your eyes

Take a breath in. As you do, pay attention to the air coming in your nose, filling up your lungs, and causing your belly to rise.

If thoughts come into your head, try to let them go and return to focusing on the air moving into your body.

Breathe out deeply. As you do, pay attention to the feeling of the air as it leaves your nose, causing your belly to drop, and your chest to fall.

Again, if other thoughts come into your head, put them to one side – you can think about them later – and focus on the air moving out of your body.

Repeat. Then repeat again.

Finding the right words

Talking to someone you trust about how vou're going can help you feel better.

It can also be helpful to tell your family when you're worried about them, when you need information about what's going on, and when you need help.



If you're finding it tricky to speak to your Mum or Dad about your worries or thoughts, try planning it out beforehand.

You can also ask someone you trust to help.

1	Pick a time when y	our parent is no	at distracted t	ired or busy
	FICK G CITTLE WITCH Y	our purent is no	rt aistractea, t	nica, or basy

Think about what you want them to know.
e.g. 'I'm finding 'x' hard', 'When you do 'x' it upsets me'

Think about how you're going to start a conversation.

e.g. 'Dad, I'd like to tell you something', 'Mum, I want to share something with you'

Think about what you want them to do.

e.g. 'I would like to spend more time with my friends', 'I would like you just to listen to me'

What is it you want to say?



Stressed at school, TAFE, or work?

When things are hard at home, then school, TAFE, or work can feel like the best place to be. But what's happening at home can also make it harder to study and work.

You might have trouble concentrating, have difficulty meeting deadlines, or just not feel like spending time with other people.

I just couldn't keep awake in class. I'd try to pay attention, but I'd end up reading the same sentence again and again.

I felt pretty out of it. The other girls were talking about their outfits for the formal, their tans, how they were going to get there. That stuff just didn't matter to me. They didn't have a clue what I was going through.

I felt really angry a lot of the time. When I think about it now, there wasn't any real reason. I just got really annoyed by my mates and by the teachers, by anything really.

School was my break from the stuff going on at home. I could spend time with my friends and focus on my classes. It was good to be busy.

You don't have to pretend you're OK when you're not.

- Talk to your school counsellor or welfare officer. You can do this without anyone else knowing.
- Tell a teacher or tutor, who you trust, what you're finding difficult. They may be able to help: give you extra time for homework, let you come late if you have an appointment, or let you repeat classes or retake exams.
- **Trust your friends.** Some friends are good to talk to. Other friends can help in some way, even if you don't tell them what's happening in your family. Hanging out with them or asking for help with practical things like homework can make a big difference.
- Look out for study groups or free tutoring. This can give you a space away from home to get your work done.
- Share what you're going through with a workmate you trust. Find out if you're entitled to take leave when you're unwell, to care for others, or when you have appointments to attend.



Who can I call on when things are hard?

Spend some time thinking about who you could go to for help.

It might be someone who is good to talk to, good to spend time with, able to drive you places, or helpful in another way.

Who in your family could help?	?	
Which friends do you trust most?	?	
Who at school, TAFE, or work	2	
is helpful?	•	

Where can I get extra help?

There are places you can get confidential help or information.

- Speak to Open Arms Veterans &
 Families Counselling on 1800 011 046
 for support with the absence of a
 parent during deployment, adjusting
 when they return home, and
 understanding, identifying and
 working through trauma
- Check out Children of Parents with a Mental Illness (COPMI) online
- Speak to Kids Helpline for teenagers on 1800 551 800 or via email or web chat
- Contact Headspace for face-to-face, phone or online support.
- Take a look at ReachOut online. It has some good advice about families and helping others.
- Check out the **TeenSMART** program run by the Defence Community Organisation for teenage children of ADF members. Call the Defence Family Helpline on 1800 624 608 for details.
- Visit the At Ease website run by the Department of Veterans' Affairs.

"At first I didn't want to speak to anyone, but I got used to it. It was good to have a space where I could say whatever was on my mind, without worrying my parents or having them freak out. It's a relief sometimes to say it out loud and get the thoughts out of my head. It helps me keep stuff in perspective."





"Things were hard at home for a while. The tiniest thing would set Dad off. One time I got home late and forgot to tell him where I was. Dad lost it! He totally overreacted! Stuff like that used to make me furious, but now I get it. He explained to me about trauma, and how it sometimes makes him feel scared or angry for no real reason. Knowing that, I try a bit harder now to help out, and I make sure he knows where I am so he doesn't worry. Things have got easier, and we get along pretty well now. I see him getting a bit better each day."

This booklet is intended for adolescents with a parent or care-giver who is a serving, transitioning, or ex-serving member of the ADF experiencing mental health difficulties after trauma.

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WHEN YOUR PARENT IS HAVING PROBLEMS - COPING WITH TRAUMA IN A MILITARY FAMILY

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